### Working with NFS files

Files saved on the UITS central Unix computers Chrome, Cobalt, Zinc, Steel, EZinfo, and STARRS/SP are stored on the Network File Server (NFS). That means that your files are really on one disk, in directories named for the central Unix hosts on which you have accounts.

No matter which of these computers you are logged into, you can get to your files on any of the others. Here are the commands to use to get to any system directory from any other system:

cd /N/u/*username*/Chrome/ cd /N/u/*username*/Cobalt/ cd /N/u/*username*/Zinc/ cd /N/u/*username*/Steel/ cd /N/u/*username*/Ezinfo/ cd /n/u/*username*/SP/

Be sure you use the capitalization just as you see above, and substitute your own username for *username*.

For example, if Jessica Rabbit is logged into her account on Steel, and wants to get a file on her EZinfo account, she would enter:

#### cd /N/u/jrabbit/Ezinfo/

Now when she lists her files, she'll see her EZinfo files, even though she's actually logged into Steel.

You can use the ordinary Unix commands to move files, copy files, or make symbolic links between files. For example, if John Doe wanted to move "file1" from his Steel directory to his EZinfo directory, he would enter:

#### mv -i /N/u/jdoe/Steel/file1 /N/u/jdoe/Ezinfo/

This shared file system means that you can access, for example, your Chrome files even when you are logged into Cobalt, and vice versa. However, if you are logged into Chrome, you can only use the software installed on Chrome —only users' directories are linked together, not system directories.

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# Unix commands reference card

#### Abbreviations used in this pamphlet

Ctrl/x	hold down control key and press x
d	directory
env	environment
f	filename
n	number
nd	computer node
var	variable
[y/n]	yes or no
[]	optional arg
	list

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### **Environment Control**

Description
Change to directe
Create new direc
Remove directory
Move file f to dire
Rename directory
Change password
Create command
Remove comman
Login to remote 1
End terminal sess
Set env var to val
remove environm

#### tory d ctory d v d ectory d *y d1 as d2* ·d d alias d alias name1 node sion lue v nent variable

# Output, Communication, & Help

#### Command

lpr -P printer f
script [f]
exit
session
mail <i>username</i>
biff <i>[y/n]</i>
man <i>name</i>
name
learn

Send mail to user Instant notification of mail UNIX manual entry for

Stop saving terminal

*Output file f to line printer* 

Save terminal session to f

Description

Online tutorial

# **Process Control**

Ctrl/c *Interrupt processesCtrl/s *Stop screen scrollingCtrl/q *Resume screen outputsleep nSleep for n secondsjobsPrint list of jobskill [%n]Kill job npsPrint process status stats	Command	Description
Ctrl/q *Resume screen outputsleep nSleep for n secondsjobsPrint list of jobskill [%n]Kill job n	Ctrl/c *	Interrupt processes
sleep nSleep for n secondsjobsPrint list of jobskill [%n]Kill job n	Ctrl/s *	Stop screen scrolling
jobsPrint list of jobskill [%n]Kill job n	Ctrl/q *	Resume screen output
kill [%n] Kill job n	sleep n	Sleep for n seconds
	jobs	Print list of jobs
ps Print process status stats	kill [%n]	Kill job n
	ps	Print process status stats
kill -9 n Remove process n	kill -9 <i>n</i>	Remove process n
Ctrl/z * Suspend current process	Ctrl/z *	Suspend current process
stop %n Suspend background job n	stop %n	Suspend background job n
command& Run command in background	command&	Run command in background
bg [%n] Resume background job n	bg [% <i>n</i> ]	Resume background job n
fg [%n] Resume foreground job n	fg [% <i>n</i> ]	Resume foreground job n
exit Exit from shell	exit	Exit from shell

# **Environment Status**

Command		
ls [d] [f]		
ls -1 [f]		
alias [name]		
printenv [name]		
quota		
date		
who		
whoami		
finger [username]		
chfn		
pwd		
ĥistory		
! n		

Description List files in directory List files in detail Display command aliases Print environment values Display disk quota Print date & time List logged in users Display current user Output user information Change finger information Print working directory Display recent commands Submit recent command n

# **File Manipulation**

Command vi [f] emacs [f] ed [f] wc fcat f more f $\operatorname{cat} f1 f2 > f3$ chmod *mode* f cmp *f1 f2* cp *f1 f2* sort fsplit [-n] fmv fl f2  $\operatorname{rm} f$ grep 'ptn' f diff *f1 f2* head f

Description Vi fullscreen editor Emacs fullscreen editor Text editor Line, word, & char count List contents of file List file contents by screen Concatenates f1 & f2 into f3 Change protection mode of f Compare two files *Copy file f1 into f2* Alphabetically sort f Split f into n-line pieces Rename file f1 as f2 Delete (remove) file f *Outputs lines that match ptn Lists file differences Output beginning of f Output end of f* 

# Compiler

tail f

Command cc [-o f1] f2 lint f f77 [-o f1] f2 pc [-o f1] f2

Description C compiler Check C code for errors Fortran77 compiler Pascal compiler